

इंटरनेट

मानक

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“जानने का अधिकार, जीने का अधिकार”

Mazdoor Kisan Shakti Sangathan

“The Right to Information, The Right to Live”

“पुराने को छोड़ नये के तरफ”

Jawaharlal Nehru

“Step Out From the Old to the New”

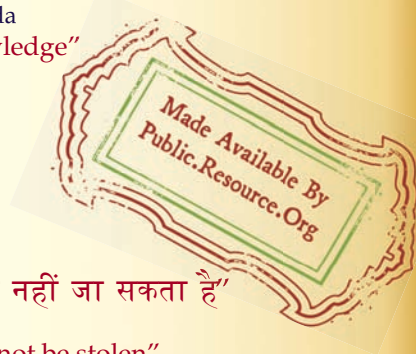
IS 15376-1 (2003): Ostomy Collection Bags, Part 1:
Vocabulary [MHD 10: Medical Laboratory Instruments]



“ज्ञान से एक नये भारत का निर्माण”

Satyanarayan Gangaram Pitroda

“Invent a New India Using Knowledge”



“ज्ञान एक ऐसा खजाना है जो कभी चुराया नहीं जा सकता है”

Bhartrhari—Nitiśatakam

“Knowledge is such a treasure which cannot be stolen”

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IS 15376 (Part 1) : 2003
ISO 8670-1 : 1988

भारतीय मानक
आस्टोमी संग्रहण बैग

भाग 1 शब्दावली

Indian Standard
OSTOMY COLLECTION BAGS
PART 1 VOCABULARY

ICS 11.180.20

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BUREAU OF INDIAN STANDARDS
MANAK BHAVAN, 9 BAHADUR SHAH ZAFAR MARG
NEW DELHI 110002

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Price Group 1

NATIONAL FOREWORD

This Indian Standard (Part 1) which is identical with ISO 8670-1:1988 'Ostomy collection bags — Part 1: Vocabulary' issued by the International Organization for Standardization (ISO) was adopted by the Bureau of Indian Standards on the recommendations of the Artificial Limbs, Rehabilitation Appliances and Equipment for the Disabled Sectional Committee and approval of the Medical Equipment and Hospital Planning Division Council.

Ostomy bags are available in various types. With the advancement in medical sciences and increased number of colostomy operations the need for ostomy collection bags has become necessary. The use of these bags becomes essential for collecting body effluent/faeces from an artificial opening established on the body surface. During the operation part of colon, the major part of the large intestine, is brought through an incision in the abdominal wall and formed an artificial opening to allow the discharge of faeces into the ostomy bag attached to the skin.

The standard has been issued in two parts. Part 2 covers requirements and test methods. This part of the standard on vocabulary will help the consumers, doctors, hospital personnel, manufacturers and traders to understand the terms used in this trade. This may also help them in import and export of this product.

The text of above mentioned ISO Standard has been approved as suitable for publication as an Indian Standard without deviations. Certain conventions are, however, not identical to those used in Indian Standards. Attention is particularly drawn to the following:

- a) Wherever the words 'International Standard' appear referring to this standard, they should be read as 'Indian Standard'.
- b) Comma (,) has been used as a decimal marker while in Indian Standards, the current practice is to use a point (.) as the decimal marker.

Only the English language text of the International Standard (including alphabetical index) has been adopted in this Indian Standard.

Indian Standard
OSTOMY COLLECTION BAGS
PART 1 VOCABULARY

1 Scope and field of application

This part of ISO 8670 defines terms used in International Standards dealing with ostomy collection bags; related medical terms are not defined.

The terms do not individually or collectively define or recommend a product of a specific design, style or size.

NOTE — If a term has one or more permitted synonyms, the terms are listed in order of preference; deprecated synonyms are followed by the word "deprecated". Alphabetical indexes of the terms in English and French are provided.

2 Terms and definitions

2.1 ostomy bag: Flexible container for collecting body effluent from a stoma.

2.2 ostomy belt: Belt that holds an ostomy bag in place.

2.3 closed-ended bag; non-drainable bag; closed-ended pouch (deprecated); **non-drainable pouch** (deprecated): Flexible container, without an opening for drainage, for collecting body effluent from a stoma.

2.4 open-ended bag; drainable bag; open-ended pouch (deprecated); **drainable pouch** (deprecated): Flexible container, with an opening for drainage, for collecting body effluent from a stoma.

2.5 open-ended bag closure: Device that allows drainage and reclosure of an open-ended bag.

2.6 flatus vent: Opening that allows escape of flatus from a bag.

2.7 non-return valve; anti-reflux valve (deprecated): Device that prevents or minimizes back-flow.

2.8 one-piece ostomy system: Effluent collection system in which all the component parts are removed from the body when the bag is changed.

2.9 two-piece ostomy system: Effluent collection system in which a component is positioned around the stoma; this component allows an effluent collection bag to be attached or removed, while itself remaining in position.

2.10 urostomy adaptor: Connector that allows continuous flow between a urostomy bag and a secondary collection system.

2.11 urostomy bag; urostomy pouch (deprecated): Bag for collecting urine from a stoma, usually with an opening for drainage.

2.12 urostomy drainage tap: Device, usually integral with the urostomy bag, that allows a urostomy bag to be emptied and closed again.

English alphabetical index

A

anti-reflux valve (deprecated) 2.7

C

closed-ended bag 2.3

closed-ended pouch (deprecated) 2.3

D

drainable bag 2.4

drainable pouch (deprecated) 2.4

F

flatus vent 2.6

N

non-drainable bag 2.3

non-drainable pouch (deprecated) 2.3

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O

one-piece ostomy system 2.8

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ostomy bag 2.1

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This Indian Standard has been developed from Doc: No. MHD 10 (2739).

Amendments Issued Since Publication

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